Online Appendix for "Negative Peer Disclosure"

Time of tweeting	Number of NPDs	Percentage of NPDs (%)
(Eastern Time)		
12:00 AM to 3:59 AM	15	2.31
4:00 AM to 7:59 AM	10	1.54
8:00 AM to 9:29 AM	28	4.31
9:30 AM to 4:00 PM	323	49.78
4:01 PM to 6:30 PM	132	20.34
6:31 PM to 8:00 PM	39	6.01
8:01 PM to 11:59 PM	50	7.70
Non-trading days	52	8.01
Total	649	100.00

Table OA1. Time of tweeting relative to market open and close

This table reports sample distribution of the tweeting time relative to market open and close. We divide a trading day into seven intervals, namely 12:00-3:59am before market open, 4:00-7:59am interval of less frequent before-hour trading, 8-9:29am interval of frequent before-hour trading, 9:30am-4:00pm regular trading hours, 4:01-6:30pm interval of frequent after-hour trading, 6:31-8:00pm interval of less frequent after-hour trading, and 8:01-11:59pm after market close. All are based on Eastern Time. Non-trading days include weekends and holidays.

I difer A. DOOK-10-	and A. Dook-to-market promability-adjusted CARS to tweeting mins surrounding Ni Ds					
	Including same-day NPDs		Excluding san	Excluding same-day NPDs		
Event window	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted		
[0, 0]	0.009^{***}	0.008^{***}	0.010^{***}	0.009^{***}		
[0, +1]	0.016^{***}	0.015^{***}	0.017^{***}	0.016^{***}		
[-2, -1]	-0.001	-0.002	-0.002	-0.003		
No. of Obs.	558	558	386	386		

Value-weighted

-0.001

558

0.009***

0.016***

Excluding same-day NPDs

Value-weighted

-0.002

386

0.009***

 0.017^{***}

Equally-weighted

0.009**

-0.002

386

0.017***

Table OA2. Characteristic-adjusted event returns to tweeting firms: bivariate sorts

Panel A: Book-to-market	/profitability-adj	usted CARs to tweeting	g firms surrounding	g NPDs
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Panel B: Book-to-market/investment-adjusted CARs to tweeting firms surrounding NPDs

Including same-day NPDs

Equally-weighted

0.009**

-0.003

558

0.016***

Event window

[0, 0]

[0, +1]

[-2, -1]

No. of Obs.

Panel C:]	Profitability/	investment-ad	iusted CAR	s to tweeting	firms surrou	Inding NPDs

	Including same	e-day NPDs	Excluding sam	ne-day NPDs
Event window	Equally-weighted Value-weighted		Equally-weighted	Value-weighted
[0, 0]	0.009^{***}	0.008^{***}	0.010^{***}	0.009^{***}
[0, +1]	0.017^{***}	0.015^{***}	0.017^{***}	0.016^{***}
[-2, -1]	-0.001	-0.002	-0.001	-0.002
No. of Obs.	558	558	386	386

Panel D: Book-to-market/profitability-adjusted CARs to tweeting firms surrounding initial news days

	Including same-day NPDs		Excluding same-day NPDs	
Event window	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted
[0, 0]	0.003^{**}	0.003^{***}	-0.001	-0.001
[0, +1]	0.008^{***}	0.008^{***}	0.002	0.002
[-2, -1]	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000
No. of Obs.	384	384	212	212

Panel E: Book-to-market/investment-adjusted CARs to tweeting firms surrounding initial news days

	Including same-day NPDs		Excluding same-day NPDs	
Event window	Equally-weighted Value-weighted		Equally-weighted	Value-weighted
[0, 0]	0.003^{***}	0.003^{**}	-0.001	-0.001
[0, +1]	0.008^{***}	0.007^{***}	0.002	0.001
[-2, -1]	0.001	-0.000	0.000	-0.001
No. of Obs.	384	384	212	212

Panel F: Profitability/investment-adjusted CARs to tweeting firms surrounding initial news days

	Including sam	ne-day NPDs	Excluding same-day NPDs		
Event window	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	
[0, 0]	0.003***	0.003^{**}	-0.001	-0.002	
[0, +1]	0.008^{***}	0.007^{***}	0.002	0.001	
[-2, -1]	0.001	0.000	0.000	-0.001	
No. of Obs.	384	384	212	212	

Panels A-C report the mean book-to-market/profitability-adjusted, book-to-market/investment-adjusted, and profitability/ investment-adjusted cumulative abnormal returns (CARs) to tweeting firms surrounding NPDs, respectively. Panels D-F report the corresponding CARs to tweeting firms surrounding initial news days, respectively. The first two columns of each panel report CARs including same-day NPDs (i.e., NPDs retweeted on initial news days) and the last two columns of each panel report CARs excluding same-day NPDs. Each column tests whether the characteristic-adjusted CAR is significantly different from zero. Detailed variable definitions are in Appendix B of the main text. Samples include individual NPD and initial news events for which characteristic-adjusted CARs are available for tweeting firms as indicated in each panel. *** (**) (*) indicates significance at the 1% (5%) (10%) level using the two-tailed tests.

Table OA3. Characteristic-adjusted event returns to tweeted firms: bivariate sorts

	Surrounding init	tial news days	Surroundi	ng NPDs
Event window	Equally-weighted Value-weighted		Equally-weighted	Value-weighted
[0, 0]	-0.002**	-0.002**	0.001	0.001
[0, +1]	-0.002**	-0.003**	0.002^*	0.001
[-2, -1]	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.000
No. of Obs.	360	360	521	521

Panel A: Book-to-market/	profitability-a	diusted	CARs to	tweeted firms
			U I I U U U	

Panel B: Book-to-market/investment-adjusted CARs to tweeted firms

	Surrounding init	tial news days	Surroundi	ng NPDs
Event window	Equally-weighted Value-weighted		Equally-weighted	Value-weighted
[0, 0]	-0.002**	-0.002**	0.001^{*}	0.001
[0, +1]	-0.002**	-0.003***	0.002	0.001
[-2, -1]	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001
No. of Obs.	360	360	521	521

Panel C: Profitability/investment-adjusted CARs to tweeted firms

	Surrounding initial news days		Surrounding NPDs	
Event window	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted
[0, 0]	-0.002**	-0.002**	0.001^{*}	0.001
[0, +1]	-0.002**	-0.003**	0.001	0.001
[-2, -1]	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001
No. of Obs.	360	360	521	521

Panels A-C report the mean book-to-market/profitability-adjusted, book-to-market/investment-adjusted, and profitability/ investment-adjusted CARs to tweeted firms. The first two columns of each panel report CARs surrounding initial news days and the last two columns of each panel report CARs surrounding NPDs. Each column tests whether the characteristicadjusted CAR is significantly different from zero. Detailed variable definitions are in Appendix B of the main text. Samples include individual NPD and initial news events for which characteristic-adjusted CARs are available for tweeted firms as indicated in each panel. *** (**) (*) indicates significance at the 1% (5%) (10%) level using the two-tailed tests.

Panel A: Including	same-day NPDs			
	CARs over the value-weighted		CARs over the	value-weighted
	market j	oortfolio	industry	portfolio
	Low Prod	High Prod	Low Prod	High Prod
Event window	Proximity	Proximity	Proximity	Proximity
[0, 0]	0.007^{***}	0.009^{***}	0.007^{***}	0.009^{***}
[0, +1]	0.012***	0.018***	0.013***	0.018***
No. of Obs.	296	295	296	295
	Low Prod	High Prod	Low Prod	High Prod
Event window	Similarity	Similarity	Similarity	Similarity
[0, 0]	0.008***	0.009***	0.008***	0.009***
[0, +1]	0.014***	0.019***	0.014***	0.019***
No. of Obs.	256	255	256	255
	Low Tech	High Tech	Low Tech	High Tech
Event window	Proximity	Proximity	Proximity	Proximity
[0, 0]	0.006**	0.013***	0.005**	0.012***
[0, +1]	0.005*	0.017^{***}	0.005*	0.018***
No. of Obs.	90	89	90	89
Panel B: Excluding	g same-day NPDs			
C	CARs over the	value-weighted	CARs over the	value-weighted
	market p	oortfolio	industry	portfolio
	Low Prod	High Prod	Low Prod	High Prod
Event window	Proximity	Proximity	Proximity	Proximity
[0, 0]	0.006***	0.011***	0.006***	0.010***
[0, +1]	0.013***	0.019***	0.013**	0.019***
No. of Obs.	204	203	204	203
	Low Prod	High Prod	Low Prod	High Prod
Event window	Similarity	Similarity	Similarity	Similarity
[0, 0]	0.007***	0.010***	0.007***	0.010***
[0, +1]	0.014^{***}	0.017^{***}	0.014^{***}	0.017^{***}
No. of Obs.	178	178	178	178
	Low Tech	High Tech	Low Tech	High Tech
Event window	Proximity	Proximity	Proximity	Proximity
[0, 0]	0.007**	0.012^{***}	0.007^{**}	0.011***
[0, +1]	0.007^{*}	0.015***	0.006*	0.015***
No. of Obs.	62	62	62	62

Table OA4. Event returns to tweeting firms surrounding NPDs and spillover strength

This table reports the mean CARs relative to value-weighted market and industry portfolios to tweeting firms surrounding NPDs, splitting the sample based on the level of *Prod Proximity*, *Prod Similarity*, and *Tech Proximity*, respectively. Panel A includes same-day NPDs and Panel B excludes them. Each column tests whether the market- or industry-adjusted CAR is significantly different from zero. Numbers in bold indicate that returns are significantly different between two subsamples. Detailed variable definitions are in Appendix B of the main text. Samples include individual NPD events for which market- and industry-adjusted CARs are available for tweeting firms and measures of spillover strength can be calculated for the NPD year as indicated in each panel. *** (**) (*) indicates significance at the 1% (5%) (10%) level using the two-tailed tests.

Panel A: Including	g same-day NPDs				
	CARs over the	value-weighted	CARs over the	value-weighted	
	market j	ortfolio	industry portfolio		
Event window	Low SIC3Brdth	High SIC3Brdth	Low SIC3Brdth	High SIC3Brdth	
[0, 0]	0.006***	0.011***	0.006***	0.011***	
[0, +1]	0.010***	0.021***	0.011***	0.021***	
No. of Obs.	300	299	300	299	
Event window	DiffSIC3=0	DiffSIC3=1	DiffSIC3=0	DiffSIC3=1	
[0, 0]	0.007***	0.011***	0.007***	0.011***	
[0, +1]	0.015^{***}	0.017^{***}	0.015^{***}	0.017^{***}	
No. of Obs.	391	208	391	208	
Panel B: Excludin	g same-day NPDs				
	CARs over the	value-weighted	CARs over the	value-weighted	
	market j	ortfolio	industry portfolio		
Event window	Low SIC3Brdth	High SIC3Brdth	Low SIC3Brdth	High SIC3Brdth	
[0, 0]	0.006***	0.011***	0.006***	0.011***	
[0, +1]	0.011***	0.022***	0.011***	0.021***	
No. of Obs.	206	205	206	205	
Event window	DiffSIC3=0	DiffSIC3=1	DiffSIC3=0	DiffSIC3=1	
[0, 0]	0.007***	0.011***	0.007***	0.011***	
[0, +1]	0.015^{***}	0.017^{***}	0.015^{***}	0.017^{***}	
No. of Obs.	253	158	253	158	

Table OA5. Event returns to tweeting firms surrounding NPDs and spillover clarity

This table reports the mean CARs relative to value-weighted market and industry portfolios to tweeting firms surrounding NPDs, splitting the sample based on the level of *SIC3Brdth* and *DiffSIC3*, respectively. Panel A includes same-day NPDs and Panel B excludes them. Each column tests whether the market- or industry-adjusted CAR is significantly different from zero. Numbers in bold indicate that returns are significantly different between two subsamples. Detailed variable definitions are in Appendix B of the main text. Samples include individual NPD events for which market- and industry-adjusted CARs are available for tweeting firms and measures of spillover clarity can be calculated for the NPD year as indicated in each panel. *** (**) (*) indicates significance at the 1% (5%) (10%) level using the two-tailed tests.

			8	
	CARs over the market portfolio		CARs over the industry portfolio	
Event window	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted
[0, 0]	0.007^{***}	0.007^{***}	0.007^{***}	0.007^{***}
[0, +1]	0.011^{***}	0.011^{***}	0.012^{***}	0.012^{***}
[-2, -1]	-0.000	0.000	-0.000	-0.000
No. of Obs.	624	624	624	624

Panel /	A · Market-	- and industry	<i>i</i> -adjusted CA	Rs to tweeting	firms surro	unding	NPDs
	\mathbf{T} . Market	- and muusu v	$-autusicu C_{1}$	mo io income	minis surro	unume	\mathbf{D}

Panel B: Market- and industry-adjusted CARs to tweeting firms surrounding NPDs excluding sameday NPDs

	CARs over the market portfolio		CARs over the industry portfolio	
Event window	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted
[0, 0]	0.007^{***}	0.007^{**}	0.007^{***}	0.006^{***}
[0, +1]	0.011^{***}	0.011^{***}	0.012^{***}	0.011^{***}
[-2, -1]	0.001^{**}	0.000	0.001	-0.000
No. of Obs.	464	464	464	464

Panel C: Market- and industry-adjusted CARs to tweeting firms surrounding initial news days

	CARs over the market portfolio		CARs over the industry portfolio	
Event window	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted
[0, 0]	0.005^{***}	0.005^{***}	0.005^{***}	0.005^{***}
[0, +1]	0.008^{***}	0.008^{***}	0.009^{***}	0.009^{***}
[-2, -1]	-0.001	-0.000	0.001	-0.000
No. of Obs.	394	394	394	394

Panel D: Market- and industry-adjusted CARs to tweeting firms surrounding initial news days excluding same-day NPDs

	CARs over the market portfolio		CARs over the industry portfolio	
Event window	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted
[0, 0]	0.002^{*}	0.002	0.003**	0.002
[0, +1]	0.007^{***}	0.007^{***}	0.007^{***}	0.002^{***}
[-2, -1]	-0.001	-0.001	0.000	-0.001
No. of Obs.	232	232	232	232

Panel A reports the mean market- or industry-adjusted CARs to tweeting firms surrounding NPDs. Panel B reports the corresponding CARs to tweeting firms surrounding NPDs excluding same-day NPDs. Panel C reports the corresponding CARs to tweeting firms surrounding initial news days. Panel D reports the corresponding CARs to tweeting firms surrounding initial news days. Panel D reports the corresponding CARs to tweeting firms surrounding same-day NPDs. The first two columns of each panel report market-adjusted CARs and the last two columns of each panel report industry-adjusted CARs. Each column tests whether the market- or industry-adjusted CAR is significantly different from zero. Detailed variable definitions are in Appendix B of the main text. Samples include individual NPD and initial news events for which market- and industry-adjusted CARs are available for tweeting firms as indicated in each panel. In building the sample of NPDs, we define the tone of a tweet negative if the news summary contains more negative words than positive words according to at least two of the four commonly used word lists: Loughran and McDonald's (2011) dictionary, Harvard General Inquirer's IV-4 dictionary, Hu and Liu's (2004) QDAP dictionary, and Henry's (2008) financial dictionary. *** (**) (*) indicates significance at the 1% (5%) (10%) level using the two-tailed tests.

Panel A: Market- and industry-adjusted CARs to tweeted firms surrounding initial news days					
CARs over the market portfolio CARs over the industry portfolio					
Event window	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	
[0, 0]	-0.003**	-0.003**	-0.003**	-0.003**	
[0, +1]	-0.003**	-0.004**	-0.001^{*}	-0.003**	
[-2, -1]	0.000	-0.000	0.002^{**}	0.000	
No. of Obs.	375	375	375	375	

Table OA7. Event returns to tweeted firms: alternative definition of tone

Panel B: Market- and indus	try-adjusted CARs to	tweeted firms surrou	unding NPDs
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	CARs over the market portfolio		CARs over the industry portfolio	
Event window	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted
[0, 0]	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000
[0, +1]	-0.001	-0.000	0.000	-0.001
[-2, -1]	-0.001	-0.001	-0.000	0.002
No. of Obs.	595	595	595	595

Panel A reports the mean market- or industry-adjusted CARs to tweeted firms surrounding initial news days. Panel B reports the corresponding CARs to tweeted firms surrounding NPDs. The first two columns of each panel report market-adjusted CARs and the last two columns of each panel report industry-adjusted CARs. Each column tests whether the market- or industry-adjusted CAR is significantly different from zero. Detailed variable definitions are in Appendix B of the main text. Samples include individual NPD and initial news events for which market- and industry-adjusted CARs are available for tweeted firms as indicated in each panel. In building the sample of NPDs, we define the tone of a tweet negative if the news summary contains more negative words than positive words according to at least two of the four commonly used word lists: Loughran and McDonald's (2011) dictionary, Harvard General Inquirer's IV-4 dictionary, Hu and Liu's (2004) QDAP dictionary, and Henry's (2008) financial dictionary. *** (**) (*) indicates significance at the 1% (5%) (10%) level using the two-tailed tests.

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Dependent variable	~ /		NPD _t		
Prod Proximity	0.257^{***}			0.102	0.312**
	(0.099)			(0.131)	(0.1137)
Prod Similarity		7.562^{***}		9.124***	8.747^{***}
		(1.321)		(1.512)	(1.262)
Tech Proximity			0.753^{***}	0.080	-0.014
			(0.273)	(0.224)	(0.195)
SIC3Brdth				0.135^{*}	
				(0.072)	
DiffSIC3					0.247^{*}
					(0.149)
Basic Controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Firm and Year fixed effects	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Industry and Year fixed effects	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
No. of Obs.	3,849	3,849	1,486	1,309	1,309
Pseudo R ²	0.223	0.243	0.196	0.189	0.186

Table OA8. NPD and spillovers: alternative definition of tone

This table reports the probit regression results on the relation between the propensity to issue NPD and spillover strength or spillover clarity. In building the sample of NPDs, we define the tone of a tweet negative if the news summary contains more negative words than positive words according to at least two of the four commonly used word lists: Loughran and McDonald's (2011) dictionary, Harvard General Inquirer's IV-4 dictionary, Hu and Liu's (2004) QDAP dictionary, and Henry's (2008) financial dictionary. All five columns use the conditional samples for which firm *j* receives at least one NPD during the year. Sample size is limited by data availability of *Tech Proximity* in column (3) and further limited by data availability of *SIC3Brdth* and *DiffSIC3* in columns (4)-(5). The focal firm of each pair is labeled *i* and the other firm *j*. *NPD* denotes the issuance of NPD. Spillover strength is measured using *Prod Proximity* in column (1), *Prod Similarity* in column (2), *Tech Proximity* in column (3), and all three in columns (4) and (5). Spillover clarity is measured using *SIC3Brdth* in column (4) and *DiffSIC3* in column (5). Controls include *Relative Size*, *Relative MB*, *Relative ROA*, *Relative Lev*, as well as fixed effects as indicated in each column. Detailed variable definitions are in Appendix B of the main text. Standard errors, displayed in parentheses below coefficient estimates, are adjusted for heteroscedasticity and clustered by focal firm and year. *** (**) (*) indicates significance at the 1% (5%) (10%) level using the two-tailed tests.

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Dependent variable			NPD_t		
Prod Proximity	0.327***			0.230	0.424**
	(0.088)			(0.159)	(0.187)
Prod Similarity		5.710^{***}		4.055^{**}	3.304^{*}
		(1.272)		(1.706)	(1.713)
Tech Proximity			0.931**	0.382	0.321
			(0.282)	(0.305)	(0.269)
SIC3Brdth				0.143***	
				(0.046)	
DiffSIC3					0.183^{*}
					(0.099)
Size	0.014	-0.016	0.459^{**}	0.377	0.358
	(0.143)	(0.138)	(0.183)	(0.240)	(0.243)
Lev	0.473	-0.044	0.918	-0.398	-0.599
	(0.875)	(0.780)	(0.715)	(0.876)	(0.949)
RetVol	10.411	9.932	-3.879	-4.684	-4.718
	(9.710)	(9.617)	(17.074)	(17.725)	(17.313)
Analyst	0.223^{*}	0.241^{*}	-0.122		
	(0.128)	(0.131)	(0.190)		
InstHolding	-0.297^{*}	-0.309*	0.524	0.385	0.402
	(0.172)	(0.164)	(0.504)	(0.603)	(0.596)
MB	-0.023	-0.026	-0.010	0.007	-0.002
	(0.021)	(0.020)	(0.033)	(0.020)	(0.017)
EarnVol	-1.790	-1.894	-2.347*	-2.323*	-2.236*
	(1.211)	(1.234)	(1.204)	(1.314)	(1.339)
ChEarn	-0.159	-0.156	-0.141*	-0.092	-0.075
	(0.107)	(0.105)	(0.078)	(0.095)	(0.093)
Basic Controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Firm and Year fixed effects	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Industry and Year fixed effects	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
No. of Obs.	3.613	3.613	1.813	1.512	1.512
Pseudo R ²	0.227	0.235	0.112	0.189	0.185

Table OA9. NPD and spillovers: additional controls

This table reports the probit regression results on the relation between the propensity to issue NPD and spillover strength or spillover clarity. All five columns use the conditional samples for which firm *j* receives at least one NPD during the year. Sample size is limited by data availability of *Tech Proximity* in column (3) and further limited by data availability of *SIC3Brdth* and *DiffSIC3* in columns (4)-(5). The focal firm of each pair is labeled *i* and the other firm *j*. *NPD* denotes the issuance of NPD. Spillover strength is measured using *Prod Proximity* in column (1), *Prod Similarity* in column (2), *Tech Proximity* in column (3), and all three in columns (4) and (5). Spillover clarity is measured using *SIC3Brdth* in column (4) and *DiffSIC3* in column (5). Controls include basic controls (*Relative Size, Relative MB, Relative ROA, Relative Lev*), controls for the focal firm (*Size, MB, Lev, RetVol, Analyst, InstHolding, EarnVol*, and *ChEarn*), as well as fixed effects as indicated in each column. Detailed variable definitions are in Appendix B of the main text and Table OA16. Standard errors, displayed in parentheses below coefficient estimates, are adjusted for heteroscedasticity and clustered by focal firm and year. *** (**) (*) indicates significance at the 1% (5%) (10%) level using the two-tailed tests.

	(1)	(2)
Dependent variable	NP	D_t
Tech Proximity_18y	0.994***	
	(0.280)	
Tech Proximity_15y		1.338***
		(0.283)
Relative Size	0.665	0.581
	(0.887)	(0.874)
Relative MB	0.004	0.003
	(0.006)	(0.006)
Relative ROA	0.448	0.491
	(0.897)	(0.868)
Relative Lev	-1.467***	-1.528***
	(0.555)	(0.550)
Intercept	-2.464***	-2.371****
	(0.942)	(0.908)
Firm and Year fixed effects	Yes	Yes
No. of Obs.	1,815	1,815
Pseudo R ²	0.217	0.219

Table OA10. NPD and technology spillover: alternative definition of tech proximity

This table reports the probit regression results on the relation between the propensity to issue NPD and technology spillover. Both columns use the conditional sample for which firm *j* receives at least one NPD during the year. Sample size is limited by data availability of *Tech Proximity_18y* and *Tech Proximity_15y*. The focal firm of each pair is labeled *i* and the other firm *j*. *NPD* denotes the issuance of NPD. Technology spillover is measured using *Tech Proximity_18y* in column (1) and *Tech Proximity_15y* in column (2). Controls include *Relative Size*, *Relative MB*, *Relative ROA*, *Relative Lev*, as well as focal firm, year, and peer firm fixed effects. Detailed variable definitions are in Appendix B of the main text and Table OA16. Standard errors, displayed in parentheses below coefficient estimates, are adjusted for heteroscedasticity and clustered by focal firm and year. *** (**) (*) indicates significance at the 1% (5%) (10%) level using the two-tailed tests.

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Dependent variable			NPD_t		
Prod Proximity	0.296***			0.254^{***}	0.321***
	(0.064)			(0.095)	(0.119)
Prod Similarity		4.335***		3.810***	4.223***
		(0.541)		(0.874)	(0.864)
Tech Proximity			0.554^{***}	0.320^{*}	0.306^{*}
			(0.169)	(0.167)	(0.169)
SIC3Brdth				0.056^{**}	
				(0.027)	
DiffSIC3					0.158^{**}
					(0.065)
Basic Controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Firm and Year fixed effects	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Industry and Year fixed effects	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
No. of Obs.	35,185	35,185	17,519	13,806	13,806
Pseudo R ²	0.275	0.281	0.290	0.302	0.306

Table OA11. NPD and spillovers: alternative conditional sample

This table reports the probit regression results on the relation between the propensity to issue NPD and spillover strength or spillover clarity. All five columns use the conditional samples for which there is at least one piece of negative product-related news in firm *i*'s TNIC-3 industry group of year *t*. Sample size is limited by data availability of *Tech Proximity* in column (3) and further limited by data availability of *SIC3Brdth* and *DiffSIC3* in columns (4)-(5). The focal firm of each pair is labeled *i* and the other firm *j*. *NPD* denotes the issuance of NPD. Spillover strength is measured using *Prod Proximity* in column (1), *Prod Similarity* in column (2), *Tech Proximity* in column (3), and all three in columns (4) and (5). Spillover clarity is measured using *SIC3Brdth* in column (4) and *DiffSIC3* in column (5). Controls include *Relative Size*, *Relative ROA*, *Relative Lev*, as well as fixed effects as indicated in each column. Detailed variable definitions are in Appendix B of the main text. Standard errors, displayed in parentheses below coefficient estimates, are adjusted for heteroscedasticity and clustered by focal firm and year. *** (**) (*) indicates significance at the 1% (5%) (10%) level using the two-tailed tests.

Panel A: Market- and industry-adjusted CARs to tweeting firms surrounding NPDs							
	CARs over the m	arket portfolio	CARs over the industry portfolio				
Event window	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted			
[0,0]	0.006^{***}	0.006^{***}	0.007^{***}	0.006^{***}			
[0,+1]	0.010^{***}	0.010^{***}	0.011^{***}	0.010^{***}			
[-2,-1]	-0.002**	-0.001	-0.001	-0.000			
No. of Obs.	998	998	998	998			

Table OA12. Event returns to tweeting firms: a larger sample

Panel B: Market- and industry-adjusted CARs to tweeting firms surrounding NPDs excluding sameday NPDs

	CARs over the n	narket portfolio	CARs over the industry portfolio		
Event window	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	
[0, 0]	0.006^{***}	0.006^{***}	0.007^{***}	0.005^{***}	
[0, +1]	0.011^{***}	0.010^{***}	0.012^{***}	0.010^{***}	
[-2, -1]	-0.000	-0.001	0.000	-0.001	
No. of Obs.	644	644	644	644	

Panel C: Market- and industry-adjusted CARs to tweeting firms surrounding initial news days

	CARs over the n	narket portfolio	CARs over the industry portfolio		
Event window	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	
[0, 0]	0.003***	0.003^{***}	0.003***	0.003^{***}	
[0, +1]	0.006^{***}	0.005^{***}	0.007^{***}	0.006^{***}	
[-2, -1]	-0.001	-0.002	0.000	-0.002	
No. of Obs.	816	816	816	816	

Panel D: Market- and industry-adjusted CARs to tweeting firms surrounding initial news days excluding same-day NPDs

	CARs over the m	narket portfolio	CARs over the industry portfolio		
Event window	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	
[0, 0]	0.000	-0.003	0.001	-0.003	
[0, +1]	0.000	0.002	0.000	0.002	
[-2, -1]	-0.001	-0.001	0.000	-0.001	
No. of Obs.	465	465	465	465	

Panel A reports the mean market- or industry-adjusted CARs to tweeting firms surrounding NPDs. Panel B reports the corresponding CARs to tweeting firms surrounding NPDs excluding same-day NPDs. Panel C reports the corresponding CARs to tweeting firms surrounding initial news days. Panel D reports the corresponding CARs to tweeting firms surrounding initial news days. Panel D reports the corresponding CARs to tweeting firms surrounding same-day NPDs. The first two columns of each panel report market-adjusted CARs and the last two columns of each panel report industry-adjusted CARs. Each column tests whether the market- or industry-adjusted CAR is significantly different from zero. Samples include individual NPD and initial news events for which market- and industry-adjusted CARs are available for tweeting firms as indicated in each panel. Detailed variable definitions are in Appendix B of the main text. In building the sample of NPDs, we supplement the primary sample with 639 neutral peer disclosures where the initial news triggered sizable negative market reactions for the tweeted firms. **** (**) (*) indicates significance at the 1% (5%) (10%) level using the two-tailed tests.

Table OA13.	Event returns	to tweeted	firms: a	larger samp	ple
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	CARs over the r	narket portfolio	CARs over the industry portfolio		
Event window	Equally-weighted Value-weighted		Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	
[0, 0]	-0.005***	-0.005**	-0.005**	-0.006***	
[0, +1]	-0.010**	-0.010**	-0.009***	-0.011***	
[-2, -1]	-0.000	0.000	0.001	-0.000	
No. of Obs.	811	811	811	811	

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Panel B: N	Market- and	l industry-ad	justed	CARs to	tweeted	firms	surrounding	NPDs

	CARs over the r	narket portfolio	CARs over the in	dustry portfolio
Event window	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted
[0, 0]	-0.002***	-0.002***	-0.002***	-0.003***
[0, +1]	-0.004***	-0.004***	-0.003***	-0.004***
[-2, -1]	-0.003***	-0.002^{***}	-0.001*	0.000
No. of Obs.	972	972	972	972

Panel A reports the mean market- or industry-adjusted CARs to tweeted firms surrounding initial news days. Panel B reports the corresponding CARs to tweeted firms surrounding NPDs. The first two columns of each panel report market-adjusted CARs and the last two columns of each panel report industry-adjusted CARs. Each column tests whether the market- or industry-adjusted CAR is significantly different from zero. Samples include individual NPD and initial news events for which market- and industry-adjusted CARs are available for tweeted firms as indicated in each panel. Detailed variable definitions are in Appendix B of the main text. In building the sample of NPDs, we supplement the primary sample with 639 neutral peer disclosures where the initial news triggered sizable negative market reactions for the tweeted firms. *** (**) (*) indicates significance at the 1% (5%) (10%) level using the two-tailed tests.

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Dependent variable			NPD_t		
Prod Proximity	0.127			-0.049	0.059
	(0.083)			(0.110)	(0.152)
Prod Similarity		4.713***		4.246***	3.288***
		(0.582)		(1.192)	(0.882)
Tech Proximity			0.606^{**}	0.102	0.095
			(0.264)	(0.169)	(0.134)
SIC3Brdth				0.163^{***}	
				(0.031)	
DiffSIC3					0.209^*
					(0.127)
Basic Controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Firm and Year fixed effects	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Industry and Year fixed effects	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
No. of Obs.	6,813	6,813	3,421	2,894	2,894
Pseudo R ²	0.205	0.215	0.218	0.150	0.122

Table OA14. NPD and spillovers: a larger sample

This table reports the probit regression results on the relation between the propensity to issue NPD and spillover strength or spillover clarity. All five columns use the conditional samples for which firm *j* receives at least one NPD during the year. In building the sample of NPDs, we supplement the primary sample with 639 neutral peer disclosures where the initial news triggered sizable negative market reactions for the tweeted firms. Sample size is limited by data availability of *Tech Proximity* in column (3) and further limited by data availability of *SIC3Brdth* and *DiffSIC3* in columns (4)-(5). The focal firm of each pair is labeled *i* and the other firm *j*. *NPD* denotes the issuance of NPD. Spillover strength is measured using *Prod Proximity* in column (1), *Prod Similarity* in column (2), *Tech Proximity* in column (3), and all three in columns (4) and (5). Spillover clarity is measured using *SIC3Brdth* in column (4) and *DiffSIC3* in column (5). Controls include *Relative Size*, *Relative MB*, *Relative ROA*, *Relative Lev*, as well as fixed effects as indicated in each column. Detailed variable definitions are in Appendix B of the main text. Standard errors, displayed in parentheses below coefficient estimates, are adjusted for heteroscedasticity and clustered by focal firm and year. *** (**) (*) indicates significance at the 1% (5%) (10%) level using the two-tailed tests.

Table OA15. Performance of NPD tweeting firms versus non-NPD-tweeting firms:a larger sample

No. of obs.	SD	Min	P25	Median	Mean	P75	Max
366	0.017	0.883	0.959	0.970	0.967	0.979	0.998
366	0.017	0.853	0.958	0.969	0.967	0.978	0.997
366	0.000	0.030	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.001
	No. of obs. 366 366 366 366	No. of obs. SD 366 0.017 366 0.017 366 0.017 366 0.000	No. of obs. SD Min 366 0.017 0.883 366 0.017 0.853 366 0.000 0.030	No. of obs. SD Min P25 366 0.017 0.883 0.959 366 0.017 0.853 0.958 366 0.000 0.030 0.001	No. of obs. SD Min P25 Median 366 0.017 0.883 0.959 0.970 366 0.017 0.853 0.958 0.969 366 0.000 0.030 0.001 0.001	No. of obs. SD Min P25 Median Mean 366 0.017 0.883 0.959 0.970 0.967 366 0.017 0.853 0.958 0.969 0.967 366 0.000 0.030 0.001 0.001 0.000	No. of obs. SD Min P25 Median Mean P75 366 0.017 0.883 0.959 0.970 0.967 0.979 366 0.017 0.853 0.958 0.969 0.967 0.978 366 0.000 0.030 0.001 0.001 0.000 0.001

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Panel A. Estimated	propensity scol	e distribution
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Panel B: Differences in pre-event basic characteristics

	Tweeting firms	Control firms	Differences	<i>p</i> -value	
Size	7.095	6.801	0.294	0.588	
MB	4.044	4.239	-0.195	0.667	
ROA	-0.032	-0.044	0.012	0.448	
CFOA	0.075	0.067	0.008	0.474	
Lev	0.133	0.123	0.009	0.458	

Panel C: Univariate DiD test of product market outcomes and operating performance

	Ν	Tweeting firms	Control firms	DiD estimator	<i>p</i> -value
$\Delta AdjSale_{t+1}$ - $\Delta AdjSale_{t-1}$	366	0.013	-0.068	0.193	0.021
$\Delta M kt Shr_{t+1}$ - $\Delta M kt Shr_{t-1}$	366	0.016	0.003	0.013	0.106
$\Delta Cntrct_{t+1}$ - $\Delta Cntrct_{t-1}$	366	0.164	-0.329	0.493	0.083
ROA_{t+1} - ROA_{t-1}	366	0.012	-0.010	0.022	0.019
$CFOA_{t+1}$ - $CFOA_{t-1}$	366	0.007	-0.006	0.013	0.048

Panel D: Multivariate DiD test of product market outcomes and operating performance

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Dependent variable	$\Delta AdjSale_t$	$\Delta M kt Shr_t$	$\Delta Cntrct_t$	ROA_t	$CFOA_t$
NPD×POST	0.150^{**}	0.005^*	0.143^{*}	0.028^{**}	0.015^{*}
	(0.067)	(0.003)	(0.081)	(0.012)	(0.009)
POST	-0.097^{*}	-0.001	-0.453*	-0.008	0.001
	(0.052)	(0.004)	(0.264)	(0.009)	(0.001)
Controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Firm and Year fixed effects	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
No. of Obs.	2,714	2,714	2,714	2,714	2,714
\mathbb{R}^2	0.280	0.121	0.430	0.740	0.723

Panel E: Market- and industry-adjusted CARs to matched non-NPD-tweeting firms s	urrounding
NPDs of tweeting firms	

	CARs over the m	narket portfolio	CARs over the in	dustry portfolio
Event window	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted	Equally-weighted	Value-weighted
[0, 0]	-0.002**	-0.002**	-0.003***	-0.002***
[0, +1]	-0.003**	-0.003**	-0.003**	-0.003**
No. of Obs.	579	579	579	579

This table examines the performance of tweeting firms in the years surrounding NPDs compared to a sample of matched control firms. In building the sample of NPDs, we supplement the primary sample with 639 neutral peer disclosures where the initial news triggered sizable negative market reactions for the tweeted firms. Starting with the 402 unique tweeting firm-years in the sample, we match each of the tweeting firms with a non-NPD-tweeting peer firm in the year of NPD (year t) using propensity score matching without replacement, and require both tweeting and control firms to have data available to calculate firm financials in year t-1 and t+1. The basic matching variables include Size, MB, Lev, ROA, and *CFOA* in year *t*-1. When studying the product market outcomes, we further include each of them as a matching variable. Panel A reports the estimated propensity score distributions for the sample using the basic matching variables. Panel B reports differences in pre-event basic characteristics for this sample. Panel C is a univariate DiD test of the changes in $\Delta AdjSale$ (industry-adjusted sales growth), $\Delta MktShr$ (market share growth), $\Delta Cntrct$ (sales contract growth), ROA (returnon-assets), and CFOA (cash flow-on-assets) from year t-1 to year t+1. Panel D is a multivariate DiD test of the changes in $\Delta AdjSale$, $\Delta MktShr$, $\Delta Cntrct$, ROA, and CFOA from year t-2 to year t+2 (excluding t). Samples in Panel D are populated from those in Panel C but further require both tweeting and control firms to have data available to calculate firm financials in year t-2 and t+2. NPD equals one for treatment firms and zero for control firms; POST equals one for post-treatment periods and zero for pre-treatment periods; and NPD×POST is the DiD estimator. Controls include Size, MB, ROA, and Lev in columns (1)-(3) but exclude ROA in columns (4)-(5). Panel E reports the mean market- or industry-adjusted CARs to matched non-NPD-tweeting firms surrounding NPDs of tweeting firms. Each column in Panel E tests whether the market- or industry-adjusted CAR is significantly different from zero. Detailed variable definitions are in Appendix B of the main text. p-values are from the two-tailed tests in panels A, B, and E, and the one-tailed tests in panels C-D.

Table OA16. Variables definitions

This appendix describes the calculation of variables used only in this online appendix. i denotes the focal firm, which decides whether to issue NPD upon receiving the news, j denotes the peer firm, and t denotes the fiscal year during which a tweet is issued for firm i and j.

Variable	Definition
$RetVol_t$	The stock return volatility for firm <i>i</i> during fiscal year <i>t</i> using daily returns.
Analyst _t	The natural logarithm of one plus the number of analysts whose forecasts of the firm's annual earnings are included in the latest consensus issued before the end of fiscal year <i>t</i> .
InstHolding _t	The percentage of shares owned by institutional investors at the end of fiscal year <i>t</i> .
EarnVolt	The standard deviation of the earnings before extraordinary items and discontinued operations (\underline{IB}) divided by total assets from year <i>t</i> -4 to <i>t</i> , with a minimum requirement of three observations.
<i>ChEarn</i> ^t	An indicator variable that equals one if earnings-per-share increases from fiscal year $t-1$ to t , and zero otherwise.
Tech Proximity_18y _t	Similar to <i>Tech Proximity</i> , except that patents are accumulated for the past 18 years.
Tech Proximity_15yt	Similar to <i>Tech Proximity</i> , except that patents are accumulated for the past 15 years.